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Post's Corner.



The Heart of Man is Like a Harp.

BY JOHN A. CHAPMAN.

The heart of man is like a harp  
Of many thousand strings;  
Teased by a skilful hand, a tone,  
Breathes from its sweet, or low, or sharp,  
Or plaintive as a fairy's own,  
When broken are its wings.

Oh! many are the notes that ring  
From this poor heart of mine;  
Sometimes 'tis like a joyous bird,  
When all the first warm days of spring,  
The fountain of all love is stirred,  
Moved by a hand divine.

But then again sad tones of woe  
Come from each trembling string;  
Sad as a child's mother's heart,  
When all she loved was laid low,  
And the sad tears unbidden start  
From her heart withering.

Dear, gentle, with this wondrous harp—  
Breathes on in soft and low;  
Let every trembling note be free,  
Whether of sweet or low, or sharp,  
That even the saddest tones may be  
A melody in woe.

Select Tales.

[From the New York Picayune.]  
Recollections of my Youth.  
THE FOURTH OF JULY RIDE.

BY JULY BLOSSOM.

I shall never forget with what pride and pompous I drove up to the door of the charming Phoebe Dulang, on the morning of the Fourth of July, 18— The ride on the Fourth had been the all-absorbing topic for the two weeks previously, and when the ever glorious day arrived, the sun shone down with a most malignant heat, that seemed to burn deeper than patriotism.

I arose at an early hour, and donning my new white pants and pumps, sallied to the livery stable, and ordered a fast team. It was my first attempt at "riding out with a girl," and the self satisfaction that swelled in my heart can be better imagined than described.

I was not over flush with the currency of the country, (did any one ever see a man that had to make a living in Jersey that was,) and, after paying for the vehicle, I found twelve shillings to be the extent of my purse; but, deeming I had sufficient to spend the day and evening with my Ducina, I banished all care from my mind, and dashed up to the door "as proud as Lucifer."

Phoebe was "dressed to death" for the occasion—short sleeves, long mitts, red and pink ribbons—and then the white frock, starched stiff as sheet iron, stuck out so graceful, and left such ample room for her by "no manner of means" small feet to play in. There she stood as ruddy, and looked as fine, as nature and dry goods could make her.

"Which way shall we go, Phoebe?" I asked, as I seated myself in the buggy beside her, after stowing her away with all the flourish imaginable.

"Any way where there's ice cream," lovingly answered Phoebe.

"Will the celebration this year is at Patterson, twenty miles off," said I, "shall we go there, and return by the way of Newark in the afternoon? There's going to be fire works there!"

"Yes, do!" she exclaimed. "Won't that be fine!"

Away we went, and by the time we reached Patterson, we found the "train" all over, and half of the soldiers drunk around the tavern. We felt too lofty to speak of the disappointment at not being in time for the celebration, and with as great a dash as we could possibly cut, we rode up to the "big tavern," and giving the horse to the hostler, I entered the hotel, and loudly ordered dinner. But little time elapsed before the dinner bell sounded for the ordered meal, and with no little "spread" we sat down to partake of it.

"Gosh, how hungry I am!" said Phoebe, as she seized the half of a chicken and other fixings, and piled her plate. I thought I never saw victuals do any body so much good as that dinner did Phoebe. She snatched her lips and declared that ridin' always did "fetch an appetite on her." She expressed some disappointment at not having ice cream for a desert, and refused the pie, saying "she could get enough of that to hum." To appease her, I promised to get her loads of it when we should reach Newark. Rash promise!

As soon as dinner was over, I called for the bill and to my utter astonishment I found it to be twelve shillings, every cent I had; but I paid it with much gusto, and called for the "carriage."

My money being gone I began to be annoyed, and how I was to get through the day and evening was a mystery to me. The first inconvenience to get rid of the hostler. As he came around with the horse from the stable, I stepped up to him and confidently told him I had nothing less than a V. and hoped that he did not

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Drowning the Squirrel.

expect me for to change that, just give him a shilling?"

"Yer do as ye's likes," said the man; "I never makes no charge for mesurves. If a gentleman ain't gentleman enough to give a poor boy a shillin' or two fer two hours' good labor, I ain't the chap to stop a man on his Fourth of July holiday ride."

As he said this, he held out his hand, as much as to say "I want my money."

I paid no attention to this, but helped Phoebe into the carriage, and took my seat beside her. All this time the hostler was busy about the horse and wheels, seeing, as I supposed, if all was right; but what struck me as being queer was a long shrill whistle he gave as we left the door, which seemed to be understood by all the loafers about, for they seemed to be cracking their sides with laughter.

Off we drove at a rapid rate, and I felt much relieved when out of hearing of that laugh. We, however, had not proceeded a mile before one of the traces gave way, with a lurch that sent the carriage to one side; off flew one of the fore wheels, and away went poor Phoebe and myself into a deep mud hole.

Here was a dilemma! Poor Phoebe's white dress and pink bows had lost their stiffness and lustre, and my white pants sustained an awful covering of mud. Phoebe cried, and I swore "a few." I helped her out of the mud, but such a predicament I never before or since saw a lady in, and trust I never shall again.

As soon as I rubbed sufficient mud out of my eyes to see where we were, I turned my attention to the break down. I found the trace had been cut, and the lynch pin taken out of the axle tree. I now understood the meaning of that whistle of the hostler's.

After some trouble, and the tearing up of my best bandanna to repair the trace, and cutting a wooden lynch pin, we proceeded on our way, feeling awful.

By the time we arrived at Newark night had already set in, and thousands of people had congregated from all the adjacent towns to witness the fire works. We came to the conclusion not to leave the wagon, and therefore I drove as near to the fire works as possible. The head of our horse was within five feet of a root beer and cake stand, and faced the fire works. We now felt pretty comfortable, and Phoebe declared that "she didn't care for getting so smashed, if she only got her fill of ice cream when the fire works were over."

Off went a rocket, and I do believe if it had been directly under our horse he could not have raised with more grace and power—up he reared until he stood on his hind feet, and then, as a Bengal light was set off, he sprang forward and landed his fore feet in the middle of the cake stand.

Away flew the cakes, pies, root beer bottles, and away flew the people in every direction, and away flew Phoebe and landed in a large plate of lobster salad which a stout old maid was holding in her lap while sitting in a booth, but I flew with the wagon, which flew with the horse.

I do not know how far he would have flown had not his descent into the newly dug canal put a stop to further proceedings.

I was sadly bruised, and the wagon was considered by the best judges of such things a "regular smash," but by the exertions of some thirty people the whole concern was got out, and conveyed all that was conveyable to a stable hard by, and sent word to the owner.

I now set out to find Phoebe, and after a long search I found her eating ice cream in the booth in which she fell at a tremendous rate.

As I entered the booth, she rolled up her eyes and exclaimed—

"Oh gracious, Bill, how glad I am you've come. I've been eating ice cream here for half an hour; it is delicious stuff, and I want you to pay for it."

Here was a poser—I hadn't a cent, and I never felt so streaked in all my life; but I put a bold face on the matter, and said I had lost my purse in the canal, and I hadn't a cent about me.

At this Phoebe set down her seventh glass of cream and commenced crying, and I commenced to soothe her, but it was no use, she wouldn't stop until the woman that kept the booth told her I could stop at her shop, in the next street, and pay for it any time, "seeing as how the thing had turned out."

This reconciled Phoebe, and she took my arm, and we walked three miles to her house without exchanging words.

This was my first, and I believe it will be my last, Fourth of July ride.

It cost me almost as much as a voyage to Europe.

AN APT REPLY.—Dr. P——, who is attached to a Parisian theatre in quality of a physician, expressed his astonishment that man and woman were not created at the same time, instead of the latter sprang from a rib of our first parent. A young actress standing by, remarkable for the graceful turn which she ever gives to the expression of her ideas, immediately said, "Was it not natural, sir, that the flower should come after the stem?"

Every one can tame a shrew but he that hath her.

Discipline.

AN ANECDOTE FOR PARENTS AND CHILDREN.

[No parent, who reads the following, can fail to be impressed with the benefits of that "Discipline," the foundation of which is mildness, gentleness, and love. Those of us who have "little Marys" and "little brothers," to rear up for usefulness, may take a hint from this finely constructed sketch, and go and do likewise.]

Little Mary once struck her brother during my absence from the house. The stick in her hand had a sharp knot, which went clear through his cheek, making an ugly gash. The blood flowed in a stream—the boy screamed piteously, and Mary was exceedingly alarmed. She had no animosity against her little playmate; on the contrary, she loved him dearly, and when her mother, who was called to the room by his screams, came in, her little daughter had thrown her arms around his neck, and was joining her cries to his, while the red blood poured full in her face. When mother had made inquiries, she took the boy away to dress the wound, and the girl went up stairs without a word, and crept under the bed. There she sat and sobbed for several hours. Her mother, discovering where she had gone, said not a word, to her, believing that it was best to leave her for the present alone. Her own heart was much pained to hear her dear child's grief, but she was willing to let her suffer for a while, in hopes that it might be a lasting lesson to her.

I came in a little while before night, and learned how matters stood. It was a season to me of great interest and responsibility. Upon my own action here might depend the future conduct of this child. Her violent temper had been often checked by punishment, and she had been frequently enough told of its consequences. Now it had led her to a great crime, and if not at once restrained, my little daughter might grow up wicked and miserable.

I considered awhile how I should act, and having humbly asked guidance of the Father of all, I took my seat in the room where the affair had happened and took the knotty stick in my hand. Then I called out in a kind voice, "Sister, come here to me." She was always an obedient girl, and she instantly crept out and came down to me. Never shall I forget the expression of her countenance as she looked in my face. She had wept until her eyes were greatly inflamed, but they were dry, and in her face was a look of the most profound humility and grief that I ever saw. She walked slowly to my side and bowed her head on my knees. I said, "My daughter, some naughty person has hurt your little brother very much. His cheek is cut open and I think there will always be a scar there as long as he lives. Will my daughter tell me who did it?" I heard a little sob, and then she whispered, "It was me." I continued, "If the stick had struck his eye, he would have been made blind." She commenced weeping. I said, "If it had struck his temple, it might have killed him." She gave a low scream, and said, "O, pa."

I continued, "Yes: the blow you struck would have killed your brother if some one had not turned it aside. There was some one in the room who saw how angry my daughter was, and when she struck the sharp knotty stick into her brother's face, he turned it aside and saved his life. Do you know who it was?" She looked up into my face with a look of almost happiness, and said, "It was God, pa." "Yes," I continued, "no one but God could have done it. He has saved my boy's life, but how sorry He must be that any little girl can have so bad a heart as you have. God never can love the bad girl in this world or in the next."

She wept now more bitterly than before. I took her hand and led her into the room where her brother lay asleep. His face was bonnd up and it was very pale. I asked her softly, "Is little brother alive yet?" She started as if smitten with a horrible thought, and uttered an ejaculation of grief. This awoke the boy, who, casting his eyes about, and seeing Mary bathed in tears, reached out his arms and called her. It was electric, and hardened must have been the heart which could behold this sweet reconciliation without tears.

That night, as we bowed around the sacred altar of family service, tender hearts were ours, and the angels who watched to carry our offerings upward, saw the tear-drops glittering in the fire-light and heard low sobs as we united to ask the seal of God's approbation upon this reconciliation on earth.

Banner of Peace.

For vividness of imagery we do not believe the following sentence from Mr. Webster's address in commemoration of the Landing of the Pilgrims, was ever excelled:—"We hear the whisperings of youthful impatience, we see chilled and shivering childhood, houseless but for a mother's arms, couchless but for a mother's breast, till our own blood almost freezes."

Dobbs says that a man behind time should feed on ketch up.

'FERN'S."

"If every pain and cure we feel  
Could burn upon our brow,  
How many hearts would move to heal  
That strive to crust us now."

Don't you believe it! They'd run from you as if you had the plague; you could not see the tails of their coats as they disappeared round the nearest corner. "Write your brow" with anything else but your "troubles," if you don't want to be *solus*.

You've no idea how "good people" will pity you when you tell your doleful ditty! They'll "pray for you," and give you advice by the by the bushel, "feel for you"—every where but in their pocket-books; and wind up by telling you "to trust in Providence," to all of which you feel very much like replying, as the old lady did, (who found herself spinning down hill, "will he, will he,") "I trusted in Providence till the tacking broke!" Now, let me tell you just go to work and hew out a path for yourself; get your head above water, and then snap your fingers in their pharasaical faces! Never ask a favor till you are drawing your last breath; and never forget one, if you find your generous soul on terra firma. "Write your troubles on your brow!" That man was either a knave, or, what was worse, a fool. I suppose he called himself a poet; all I have to say is, it's high time the city authorities took away his "license."

FANNY FERNS.

When your wife begins to scold, let her have it out. Put your feet up closely over the fireplace—roll back in your chair—light one of your best cigars, and and let the scorn rage on. Say nothing—make no answer to any thing.

Well—suppose she don't want to "have it out?" Suppose she is a whole-souled warm hearted woman; not quite perfect any more than your lordship; but a great deal better many women who set up for "models;" and suppose she thinks to herself as she looks at you, Dear Charley, or Harry, (as the case may be), I did wrong and am very sorry; I'd give every curl on my foolish head, hadn't I vexed you. My temper is a little on the lightning flash order, but the sky is always clear after it. If you only understood managing me a little better; only knew that I can be coaxed a league, where I can't be driven a step! Heigho! what's to be done? There he sits solemn as a hearse; handsome as Apollo, (though I question if Apollo ever smoked!) Men have no magnanimity about them. I shall have to go all the way to meet him; that will cost my pride something, and I dare say the little ruffian will take advantage of it; never mind, I love him! can't help it! And so she steals gently behind your chair; slides a pair of arms around your comubial neck, and leaves something on your lips far sweeter than that odious cigar. I should have to be in a corner and see if you'd "make no answer to that." I'll wager a bright sixpence I'd bring you out of that fit, if there's any power in love or any wit in woman!

FANNY FERNS.  
New York Dutchman.]

WHAT OLD BONES AND BITS OF SKIN MAY BE GOOD FOR.—How to get a pennyworth of beauty out of old bones and bits of skin is a problem which the French gelatine makers have very prettily. Does the reader remember some gorgeous sheets of colored gelatine in the French department of the Great Exhibition? We owed them to the slaughter-houses of Paris. Those establishments are so well organized and conducted, that all the refuse is carefully preserved, to be applied to any purpose for which it may be deemed fitting. Very pure gelatine is made from the waste fragments of skin, bone, tendon, ligature and gelatinous tissue of the animals slaughtered in the Parisian abattoirs, and thin sheets of this gelatine are made to receive very rich and beautiful colors.

As a gelatinous liquid, when melted, it is used in the dressing of woven stuffs, and in the clarification of wine, and as a solid, it is cut into threads for the ornamental uses of confectioner, or made into very thin white and transparent sheets of *papier glace*, for copying drawings, or applied to the making of artificial flowers, or used as a substitute for paper, on which gold printing may be executed. In good sooth, when an ox has given us beef, and our leather, and our tallow, his career of usefulness is by no means ended; we can get a penny out of him as long as there is a scrap of his substance above ground.—Household Words.

EXTINGUISHING FIRES.—In some parts of Russia, a superstition exists, that to extinguish fires caused by lightning, milk is most effectual; indeed, the flames having been permitted to spread frequently to the destruction of whole villages, because it was not to be had in sufficient abundance to quench them. In some parts of Germany also, this superstition prevails. Speaking of fires, they have in Moscow a regular establishment for extinguishing fires. It is a large building of three stories, surmounted by an elevated watch tower, with wing of the same height, forming a square within, surrounded by excellent stables, smiths' shops, houses for engines, wagons, &c. As everything is kept in good order, when there is an alarm the whole force starts out and quenches it.

Terms of Advertising.

For 12 lines or less, 1st insertion, - - - 75  
For each subsequent insertion, - - - 15  
For half column 6 months, - - - \$15  
" " 12 months, - - - 14  
For whole column 6 months, - - - 18  
" " 12 months, - - - 28

A liberal deduction made for yearly advertisements. When the number of time for continuing an advertisement is not specified, it will be continued until ordered out and charged accordingly.

THE QUAKER AND PARSON.—A Quaker, that was a barber, being sued by a parson for tithes, Yea and Nay went to him, and demanded the reason why he troubled him, as he had never had any dealings with him in his whole life.

"Why," said the parson, "it is for tithes."

"For tithes," says the Quaker, "I pry-thee, friend, upon what account?"

"Why," says the parson, "for preaching in the church."

"Alas! then," replied the Quaker, "I have nothing to pay thee; for I came not there."

"Oh, but you might," says the parson, "for the doors are always open at convenient times;" and thereupon said he would be paid, seeing it was due.

Yea and Nay thereupon shook his head, and making several wry faces, departed, and immediately entered his action (it being a corporation town) against the parson for forty shillings. The parson, upon notice of this, came to him, and very hotly demanded why he put such disgrace upon him, and for what he owed him the money?

"Truly, friend," replied the Quaker, "for trimming."

"For trimming," said the parson, "why, I was never trimmed by you in my life."

"Oh! but thou might'st have come and been trimmed if thou hadst pleased, for my doors are always open at convenient times as well as thine."

ALWAYS HAPPY—ALWAYS CHEERFUL.—"Why this constant, happy flow of spirits?" "No secret, doctor," replied the mechanic. "I have one of the best of wives, and when I go to work she always has a kind word of encouragement for me, and when I go home, she meets me with a smile and a kiss, and she is sure to be ready; and she has done many things during the day to please me, and I cannot find it in my heart to speak unkind to anybody."

"What an influence, then, hath woman over the heart of man, to soften it, and make it the fountain of cheerful and pure emotions! Speak gently, then; a happy smile and kind word of greeting, after the toils of the day are over, cost nothing, and go far toward making home happy and peaceful."

A FRENCH STORY OF ENGLISHMEN.—An Englishman met at Boulogne another Englishman coming back like himself from Italy. They were going to the steambath, and entered into conversation. It is not often conversation does take place between Englishmen who have not been introduced to one another by a third person; but they had come from the warm countries, and their British ice was somewhat thawed. "I have just arrived from Italy," said the first, "And you?" "Oh, yes," he replied, "from Italy." "You saw St. Peter's?" "Oh, yes! the twenty-ninth June, fifty-seven minutes past one. I noted it in my pocket-book." "You put yourself in the good place?" "Oh, yes! If you put yourself in a certain position, instead of seeing all the colonnade, you will only see one single pillar. It is really very funny." The second Englishman blushed a little, like a man discovered in a crime; remained passive for some minutes; and then, having made up his mind, said, "James go and get post-horses directly; we shall return to Rome. I am going to look at St. Peter's in a particular spot, where you can see nothing of it—The Builder."

Home of a Winter's night, when the wind blows chill, the sky is overcast, and the ground is wet and freezing, is the pleasantest place on earth. No matter how homely the room—how scant of furniture—how cramped, how old, it's "home" where the heart is. A good fire—a pleasant book—with two or three dear ones to listen and to work while they listen, is both sensible and comfortable. They are heart comforts—real soul reaching enjoyments, which no other condition affords. Let the wind howl—stir up the fire and read the louder.

The world outside is of little consequence compared with the world inside. One is the world of self, the other of affection. Who cares for the wind. Draw around the little stand, and amid the sewing on one side and knitting on the other contrive to stir up the elements of kindness. You will be delighted with the development.

When reading pale, try conversation, and if that gives out bring on the apples and hickory nuts. Ply yourselves with good cheer, and keep the fire in your stove and in your heart blazing in union. You can't begin to imagine, those of you that have never tried it what a sovereign balm for all mental ills, an evening thus spent affords. If you are harassed in on business, disappointed with your fellow men, or suffering from any of the thousand vexations and cares that beset the pathway of the best of us, you will find a relief from it all in a place which you have made comfortable and happy. Let the wind howl then—why should you care, who are thus blest?—*The Blade*.

A man who puts aside his religion because he is going into society, resembles a person taking off his shoes because he is about to walk upon thorns.



# THE POST



## LEBANON, KY.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 26, 1853.

We have had a most singular winter, this season. Up to the present time there has been no weather sufficiently cold to put a skin of ice upon the stillest pond. Our ice gatherers look rather down in the mouth, whilst individuals with small wood-piles, (ourselves for instance,) are tickled to death at the great saving of fuel. However, the thing may change, and those who smile now, may weep, (especially at the nose) before the warm weather. "It has tried to snow," several times, but old Mother earth has indignantly kicked off the proffered "kicker," and lays perfectly bare before the "face of nature." She ought to be ashamed of herself.

Wise heads are shaking, and prognosticating, a sickly spring and summer, whilst "the oldest inhabitant" says, on the contrary that his long experience has shown him that a healthy summer always succeeds an open winter, and that a hard winter is always succeeded by a sickly summer. "We shall see what we shall see," by the bye, as the little Frenchman said.

We received, the other day, through the mail, the following notice. We do not quite understand it but perhaps some of our readers may. It is not our custom to do gratuitous advertising, but as the advertiser belongs, evidently to the softer sex, we presume, we must break through our rules and give it publicity.

### Notice.

A young lady of moderate fortune, is willing to marry any one who the following description may suit:—Middling height, black hair, eyes, &c., very talented, and under twenty. Should this description suit any one, they can find out further particulars by addressing a letter to Kate Woodson, Mr. Pleasant, Tenn.

We find the following beautiful morsel in one of our exchanges, it is the "teachingest" thing we have seen for some time. The writer ought now to take to rope. Here it is:

The river has riz, and so has butter. The water is friz, down in the gutter. The weather's cold, as sure as your horn. At least we are told so by all our neighbors, and several "good-looking" gals—to say nothing of the "rest of mankind"—in a horn!

We can now say with truth, having had ocular proof thereof, that Mr. NOLLE's Perfumery have arriv. If any one doubts it, let them call on the gentleman at his Drug Store and see for themselves.

Graham's Magazine for February, has come to hand. We find it an unusually attractive number, containing very beautiful engravings and a large amount of excellent literary matter.

Godey's Lady's Book for February has been received, and, as usual is a superb magazine. We have already said so much in favor of this periodical, that we can say no more; suffice it to say, that the number before us is as good, if not better than its predecessors.

There is a rumor afloat in this place, that R. L. Wickliffe, was killed in Bardstown on last Sunday. Rumor says he was shot by a boy. No farther particulars have transpired.

Since the above was in type, we have heard the report denied. We will feel gratified upon knowing Mr. W. is alive and in good health.

We learn from the Bardstown Herald that the splendid family residence of W. R. Grigsby Esq., in Marion county, near St. Mary's College, was entirely destroyed by fire a few days ago.

Lou. Democrat.

Had the Democrat read the Post, he would have published the facts. It was Mr. Wm. LANCASTER's residence which was consumed. Mr. L.'s farm is only five miles from this place, Friend Harney, where's your eyes.

In our Reading Room may be seen a picture of "Strader's Hotel," of Louisville, Ky. See advertisement in another part of our paper for particulars.

Friend WALSH of the Louisville Varieties seems to have become more decent of late days, than he "used to was." He still displays his ready wit in repartee, but has laid aside his low vulgarity, in a great measure. Go on friend W., we are truly in hopes that you may one day do some honor to the stage.

A NEW LIQUOR LAW IN FLORIDA.—Though the Legislature of Florida failed to enact a Maine Liquor law, it has done the next thing to it. According to a bill just passed, all licenses hereafter to retail spirituous liquors are to pay a tax of \$200; and persons offending are to be fined \$500 on conviction. This tax, it is thought, will operate to prohibit licenses to a large extent, if not altogether.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR FRENCH EXILES.—A subscription has been opened in New York for the relief of the sixteen French political convicts who recently escaped from Cayenne. One of these exiles has reached New York, and means are desired to bring his comrades from their several places of refuge in South America.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.—Late advices from Mexico state that no decision had as yet been rendered concerning the contract of the Tehantepec route. The accounts relative to the progress of the revolutionists are so contradictory that it is utterly impossible to tell whether the government or the insurgents are, as a general thing, in the ascendency.

LARGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The St. Louis Intelligencer, of Monday says that a sale of one undivided third of the territory comprising Chouteau's Pond was made the present week, for the sum of \$65,000. The purchaser was F. D. Tiffany, Esq.

WEBSTER'S TESTIMONIAL.—The Boston Courier says that a piece of plated has just been manufactured by Jones, Bell & Co., of that city, which bears the following simple, beautiful and touching inscription, which Mr. Webster directed his son Fletcher to procure as a dying testimonial, to be given to his faithful friend Peter Harvey:

"My son, take some piece of silver; let it be handsome, and put a suitable inscription on it, and give it with my love to Peter Harvey."

DANIEL WEBSTER.

Marshallfield, Oct. 23, 1852.

THE PRECIOUS METALS.—The total value of all the precious metals in existence at the present time, is estimated at \$7,200,000,000; of which 3,500,000,000 consists of silver, and 2,700,000,000 in gold. The amount of coin in circulation is estimated at 2,000,000,000.

Patrick McLaughlin was taken up on Thursday night, and his brother yesterday morning, charged with setting fire to the Louisville Hotel. They had acted in the capacity of porters, and were discharged a few days since. They were arrested by officer Moore, and will undergo examination before his Honor, Judge Joyes, this morning.—*Lou. Times*.

The amount of property destroyed by fire at the Louisville Hotel, on Thursday night, is estimated, (including the damage to the house,) at ten to twelve thousand dollars. Mr. Keau, the proprietor, had an insurance on his furniture of \$10,000. The building, owned by Jas. Guthrie and L. L. Shreve, was insured in different offices in this city, Madison and Philadelphia for \$25,000. It is contemplated that the house will be rebuilt in a few weeks—in the meantime Mr. Keau has room sufficient to accommodate the hundreds of guests who daily throng his hotel.—*Lou. Times* 22d.

LOUISVILLE AND COVINGTON RAILROAD.—We understand that to corps of Engineers have been formed, and are about entering the field for the final survey of the road. All routes are, we learn, to be carefully surveyed before a location is selected, after which the work is to be put in hand and rapidly pushed forward. We learn that almost the entire means necessary for building the road have been provided.—*Lou. Cour.*

A CONSTABLE ON A THRONE.—The present Emperor of France was a few years ago an English constable. During the Chartist movements in 1848, M. Louis Bonaparte found himself at London. Not having a sous in his pocket, he was, of course, "in favor of all the great questions of the day," that promised to pay anything, and ready to join in getting up a revolution or putting down one, just as the wind might blow. On the 10th of April, 1848, when a Chartist insurrection was apprehended, Louis probably seeing it would come to nothing, applied for the office of constable, and was sworn in as a "special." He was put upon duty in the streets of London, and assisted in keeping the populace in order.

A MAHOMEDAN NEGRO IN SLAVERY.—A native African called "Uncle More," resides in Wilmington, N. C., eighty three years of age—forty five a slave. His time is chiefly occupied in reading the Scriptures in Arabic. He writes the language with remarkable accuracy and beauty of penmanship.

CAPT. ANDERS.—We regret to learn that the injuries received by Capt. Anders at Cincinnati, by the falling of the jackstaff of the Telegraph, No. 3, are very serious. The staff struck him on the chest and shoulder, and jammed him to the deck, by which he was nearly crushed to death, and one of his eyes partially forced from its socket.

We learned from the officers of the mail boat last night, that Capt. Anders was much improved, but confined to his bed.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

Reported for the Louisville Courier.

## ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

HALIFAX, Jan. 21.

The Europa with dates of Jan. 8th has arrived.

The Herman left Cowes on the 7th. The Niagara arrived out on the 3d, and the Arctic on the 7th. The Herman put back to Cowes considerably damaged.

A superb banquet was given by the Chamber of Commerce, of Liverpool, to the American Minister, Ingersoll. The Earl of Derby made a lengthy speech on the occasion. A similar affair took place at Manchester.

The ship St. George, from Liverpool, for New York, full of Irish emigrants, took fire at sea Dec. 24th, during a terrible storm; eight suffocated by the smoke. The remainder, a large proportion of them women and children, assembled on the poop, with the flames raging all around them when the ship Orlando, from Mobile, for Havre, hove in sight and made desperate efforts to save them. The sea ran so high that all the boats were swamped but one, which could only carry five of them at a time. 76 passengers and crew were saved. The Tempest increased and the Orlando had just succeeded in getting clear of the St. George when she sank. Fifteen were drowned passing from one ship to the other, and 8 suffocated between decks and 28 burnt and sunk with the ship. The Orlando had all her sails blown away but reached Havre in 11 days and short of water and provisions.

The ship Lady of the West, from Bristol; for New Orleans was lost at sea, 15 of her crew was picked up in a long boat and carried to Falmouth and 4 others in a pinnel and taken to Brest.—Great maritime damage has been done along the coast by the heavy gales. The election to parliament are mostly over, the former old members are re-elected.

It is reported that Lord Clarendon will supersede Lord Russell in the Foreign office before Easter.

The Manchester Commercial Association have petitioned the Foreign office to remonstrate against the Emperor of Morocco's arbitrary interference with trade on his coast.

The mail steamer from Austria, with over a million sterling of gold, is past due, and great anxiety is felt for her safety.

The ladies of Leeds have adopted an address to the American ladies on slavery. The American ladies at Milan, Italy, held a meeting and sent a spirited reply to the Duchess Sutherland's address.

Head, drowned in the Tagus, was not Lola Montez' husband!

The quarterly returns of the United Kingdom's revenue, shows an increase for the year, of £273,000, and for the quarter £703,000; every item of revenue having increased, except that of customs.

The ministers of Austria, Prussia and Russia have presented their credentials to the Emperor of France. The Czar formerly refused to use the term Brother, but compromised by writing "Mon Ami."

All the Continental Governments have recognised Napoleon's Governments. The Emperor replied to the Pope's Nuncio, "I trust under Divine Providence to be able develop the prosperity of France, and secure peace to Europe."

Murat demands twelve millions francs for the crown property of the King Louis Philippe, with compound interest. Napoleon declined paying the interest.

The occupation by the French of Samaria is denied.

Count D'Orsay's widow has married Hon. Spencer.

Dapin declines the Attorney Generalship.

In Algeria, more fighting has taken place.

The Spanish revenue has fallen off in the year nine millions reals.

Madam Madina is yet in prison at Florence.

A decree has passed, prohibiting the exportation of corn, beans and potatoes from Italy.

Disastrous engagement have occurred between the Turks and Montegrisines, near lake Scutery. The Turks loss, 600 killed.

Serious Accident on the Erie Railroad.

GOSHEN, Jan. 16.

When the express train bound East, last night, struck the point of connection with the Lackawanna and Western road, at Great Bend, the switch broke, broke, letting the train in upon the L. and W. track while the engine followed that of the Erie road. The baggage car was rolled over several times, and badly broken. The smoking car was thrown against an apple tree, which broke the force of its descent, and saved those in it from injury. Two passenger cars went off the track, but the passengers escaped unhurt. The train was detained some ten hours by the accident.

### Marine Disasters.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 15.

The ship Woodside from Mobile, bound to France, went ashore during the late gale.

The brig Lucy Watts, from Thomas, for Orleans, was also ashore, but has been got off.

The barque George Thomas from St. Marks for New York, with 700 bales of cotton, went ashore on the Tortugas, 30th ult. Her cargo has been partially saved.

The schooner Eliza of New Bedford has also been ashore but was got off.

The brig George Brown from New York struck on the Bahama Banks and received a slight injury.

The barque J. Brown from Belfast,

Main, for Orleans has been totally wrecked.

The barque Mary Varney, from New York, arrived here on the 5th inst with the crew and passengers of the brig Richmond from Boston, lost at sea.

The United States steamer Cyane is here.—All well.

## Later from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 18.

The brig America, from Vera Cruz, reports that the city and castle on the evening of the 28th December, had declared in favor of the revolutionists.

## ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ARABIA.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17, M.

The Arabia arrived Sunday 1 P. M. The new ministry of England took possession of their official quarters on Wednesday.

Lord John Russell held a diplomatic levee at the foreign office, at which Mr. Ingersoll was present.

Napoleon returned to Paris on the 28th. No enthusiasm was manifested, notwithstanding the many rumors of attempts on his life during his absence. He is much annoyed at the delay of Russia, Austria and Prussia to declare the Empire. He insists upon being called Brother and Napoleon 3d by the crowned heads of Europe. England has accorded this civility.

The French Senate is convoked for February 14, and the Legislature for the 13th.

Napoleon is parceling the royal residences among his family.

The Emperor has signified to the English minister that he can hereafter receive no Englishman unless previously presented at court.

M. Garrille, professor of mathematics, a distinguished republican, has been ordered to quit France.

The French Government is making great exertions to offer a commercial treaty with Germany, founded on mutual concessions.

The Court of Rome has addressed a letter to all European powers, inviting them to interfere in behalf of Christians suffering persecution from the Turks.

The Porte has refused granting any concessions respecting the navigation of the Bosphorus.

The Turks were routed in a recent battle with the Montegrisios. The latter were garrisoned in a fortress, and were putting themselves in a state of defence.

Affairs in India remain unchanged. The Barmah annexation question is not yet decided.

## Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

SENATE.—The report of the Secretary of the Interior was received and referred.

Mr. Seward presented a petition of the New York Legislature, relative to distributing the public lands to the several States for internal improvements.

The report of the Commissioners of the Mexican boundary was received and referred.

The clause bill to suppress the circulation of small notes in the district, was referred.

Mr. Peck introduced the consideration of the bill referred.

The Pacific Railroad bill was taken up, and after a short debate, the Senate went into executive session, and then adjourned.

HOUSE.—The speaker announced the first business was the New York Mint bill, which was debated till the expiration of morning hour.

The President sent in a message in answer to the call for information respecting the capture, by Spanish authority, of the bank Georgiana and brig Susan Loud, which were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Polk moved a reconsideration of motion to print. He said he wished the committee, that it might be determined whether it was proper to publish them.

Mr. Stanley demanded that they be published in justice to the President. Pending the debate the House adjourned.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20.

A correspondent of the Nueces Valley of the 23d ult., writing from Brownsville, says the revolution has been proclaimed in Monterey and Eldorado. Carvajal was there. 1st of Monterey, with the regular Mexican army, was captured by him. Canales escaped, but since reported as murdered by members.

Gen. Monell got up a pronunciamento and was marching to Zacaetas.

The regular forces were again defeated by the revolted National Guards, and retreated to Matamoros badly cut up.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company invites proposals for \$1,200,000 of 6 per cent, coupon bonds, redeemable in 1885.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

The difference of opinion between Cass and one side and Mason and Hunter on the other, in regard to the Monroe doctrine resolutions, has caused considerable talk and speculation in regard to the arrangement of foreign affairs and the formation of the new Cabinet.

It is now agreed that Soule shall speak Tuesday, yet it is said he will sustain Cass.

Mr. Laborde, of Baltimore, was elected President of the American Colonization Society.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

The P. evidence Whig caucus, nominating Saml' G. Arnold for U. S. Senator and intended to elect to-day, but the Senate adjourned by a party vote. The Senate will probably refuse to elect here.

ON Thursday the 20th inst. by the Rev. T. H. Cl. Hand, Mr. CHARLES SAVAGE to Miss ANN M. FREEMAN, all of this place.

Here we see a Minister of the Gospel doing a very queer thing, i. e. converting a Freeman into a Slave! We wish the happy pair all the happiness that matrimony can yield, untroubled by vexations which sometimes accompany it.

A private dispatch from Norfolk, Va., that Mr. King left for Havana on Tuesday, with improved health and spirits.

The wife of Senator Douglass died this morning. Her funeral takes place on Saturday.

A large lot of goods belonging to the Clyde Point Works of Warwick were burnt Sunday night. Loss \$25,000.

## Destructive Fire—Louisville Hotel Partially Destroyed

Last night, about 8 o'clock, the Louisville Hotel caught fire in the attic of the main or front building, and before the fire was discovered the entire upper part of the house was in flames. The alarm was given, and the firemen and thousands of citizens were promptly at the scene, and by the well directed and vigorous exertions of the firemen, the entire destruction of the immense hotel was prevented, and the fire confined to the Main street front. The two wings extending back, including the dining rooms, &c., were saved apparently unimpaired. The beautiful new addition, or ladies' and family department, fronting on Sixth street, was also altogether free from danger or damage. The confusion that ensued during the first alarm of fire was very great. Hundreds of persons who lodged in the hotel, including the servants and children, were hurrying to and fro not knowing what to do or where to go, or in what way to endeavor to save their property.

The fire is said to have originated in the house keeper's room, in the upper story of the front part of the hotel, a candle having been left on the bed, which set the bed clothes on fire. Or it may have been caused by a stove pipe burning the ceiling as we understand the hotel caught fire from that cause a few days since. The two upper stories of the Main street front were totally consumed, together with the great portion of their contents, and the second story and main entrance, including the office, and parlors, were much burnt, and greatly damaged. The loss of the building and furniture cannot be less than \$10,000. The hotel is the property of L. L. Shreve and Jas. Guthrie, who of course were well insured. The loss to Mr. Keau, the proprietor of the hotel, must be very great, in the destruction of his furniture, aside from the derangement of his business, and the confusion of the hotel. We hope however, his energy of character will bear him up, and he will carry on the management of the hotel as usual. We are sure his boarders will put up with short commons till all is made right again.

A good many of the boarders in the hotel are heavy losers by the fire, as it happened while they were away, and the contents of their rooms were destroyed. Dr. Palmer, Professor of Anatomy in the University Medical School, lost a valuable library, and many other articles of value, and his little children had a narrow escape with their lives.

During the fire men were caught stealing whatever they could lay their hands upon, several of whom were arrested and lodged in jail.

The firemen did wonders, and special praise is due to the gallant men from Jeffersonville, who crossed the river and lent good aid in subduing the fire.

The earliest incident that we know of took place during the height of the fire, and when all thought the entire building would be laid in ashes. It occurred between Mr. Moore, clerk at the hotel, and one of the boarders. The latter, carpet bag in hand, descended from the third story, which was all in flames, and marching up to the clerk at the office, around whom the hot cinders were dropping, told him that he believed he would move his quarters, and wanted to know how much his bill was? Moore turned to the ledger counted it up, made out the bill, took the money, and politely bowed him out, at the same time expressing his regret at his sudden departure.—*Lou. Courier*.

The Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F. which has been in session in this city for several days past closed yesterday. One of the most important measures adopted by them is making their sessions annual instead of biennial as heretofore. *Lou. Democrat* 22th.

## Commercial.

### LOUISVILLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE COURIER

Saturday Evening, Jan. 22, 1853.

FLOUR—The market is firm and quiet. Small sales of superfine brands, from \$4 60 to \$4 70; extra brands we quote at \$4 85 to \$5; retail sales at \$5 25 to \$5 30.

GRAIN—Corn continues very scarce. From stores it sells at 45c, and from the country at 40. Wheat commands 80c. Oats we quote at 30 to 32c.

GROCERIES—The market is firm, with a fair amount of business doing in nearly every description. Sales of 120 bags Rio Coffee at 92 to 93; retail sales at 10 to 10 1/2. Sugar is in fair request, with sales of common and fair qualities at 4 1/2 to 5c, and 5 1/2c. Plantation Molasses brisk at 29 to 30c. Cheese we quote at 9 to 9 1/2.

PROVISIONS—The market is inactive. Mess Pork we quote at \$16 50; sales of prime Lard at 10 to 11c, in bbls and kegs.

## Married.

ON Thursday the 20th inst. by the Rev. T. H. Cl. Hand, Mr. CHARLES SAVAGE to Miss ANN M. FREEMAN, all of this place.

Here we see a Minister of the Gospel doing a very queer thing, i. e. converting a Freeman into a Slave! We wish the happy pair all the happiness that matrimony can yield, untroubled by vexations which sometimes accompany it.

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## Advertisements.

At time cost!

SELLING OFF AT COST POSITIVELY!!!

J. HYMAN & CO. being desirous of closing out their Fall and Winter stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods—shall from this day, the 10th of January,

SELL AT PRIME COST, Wholesale or Retail. Now is the time for bargains, as we wish to make arrangements for our Spring Stock. Fresh supplies received every week.—Jan. 19, -11.

Missing!!

NAPOLÉON'S Exile on the Island St. Helena by Count Mervill. Any one in possession of said book, will confer a great favor on the owner by leaving it at the store of E. P. Mahon.

SUSAN F. SHACKELFORD. Jan. 19, 1853-11.

SELBY HOUSE, LEBANON, KY.

The Misses Selby,

HAVING lately purchased the Tavern stand formerly occupied by Mr. J. A. HALL, take this method of informing their old friends and the public generally that they are now prepared to receive boarders, by the day, week or month. The house has been thoroughly refitted and re-furnished with the most costly and neat furniture.

Those who stop with them may be assured that no pains will be spared to make them comfortable. The Stables of the establishment will always be supplied by the best of provider and attentive hostlers.

The above stand is on the North East corner of 1st and Main Streets, to the left as you enter the street coming from Springfield. Jan. 12, 1853-11.

THE MERCHANTS

OF Lebanon and Marion County are respectfully informed that the undersigned as the authorized Agent of the

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Hartford.

Is always prepared to insure Goods, Wares and Merchandise from Eastern Cities by all routes, upon the most favorable terms. Fire risks also taken as usual.

Jan. 12 E. P. MAHON, Agent.

3,0





# THE POST.

Wednesday Morning, Jan 26 1853

Mr. J. T. O'Brian, is our authorized agent at Bardonia for the reception of Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., and is also authorized to receive and receipt for all monies due us in that region.

**Rags! Rags! Rags!!!**  
Clean Linen and Cotton Rags wanted at this office. The highest price in CASH will be paid for any amount brought.

**Spices!** We have a lot of fine "Halt' Spanish" Cigars, which we will sell low, by retail. Call at our Reading Room.

—Sam'l J. Ray, editor of the *Macon (Ga.) Telegraph*, died a few days since.

—The result of the Presidential election reached San Francisco on the 16th of December.

The manufacturers of Wheeling have advanced the prices for glass and nails, 25 per cent.

**Passing Strange.**—A lady passing a honest-shop without stopping.

—The recently prepared pre paid postage envelopes have been rejected by the Post Office Department. The contractors are to furnish better specimens by the first of February.

—The first iron made in this country was in Lynn. The General Court offered a bounty of three thousand acres of land to any one who would establish a forge.

**Deaths in St. Louis.**—The total number of deaths in St. Louis, during the week ending on Monday, was 79.

—A petition is before the Massachusetts Legislature for the establishment of a new bank in Boston to be called the Webster Bank.

—The columns of the Oregonian of Dec. 4th, are in mourning on account of the death of Daniel Webster.

—Upwards of three thousand hands are now engaged on the different sections of the Maysville and Lexington Railroad. Should the weather continue favorable, all the heavy work will be completed by the first of July.

—The total amount of the fund belonging to the "Fremont's Fund Association" of St. Louis is \$4,000 odd. A widow of a member of the Association receives an annual pension of \$150. The demand for relief during '52 amounted to \$600.

—The Engineer of a passenger train on the New Albany road was shot at near Woodland a few days ago, while the cars were under way, the shots came pretty close to his person and seemed to be slugs, from a shot gun.

—The retail business of selling liquor in Georgetown has been banished by popular vote for the space of twelve months. The temperance ticket is triumphant in Versailles.

—The Lawrenceburgh (Ind.) Register says that a bank, under the new banking law of Indiana, is shortly to be established in that place, with a capital of \$50,000. It is to be established by Ohio capitalists.

—Late advices from St. Domingo city, Hayti, state that the black vomit was still committing ravages there, and many of the crews of foreign vessels in harbor had died. The disease was also quite fatal on shore. The French Consul had fallen a victim to the epidemic. The American Consul had an attack but was recovering.

—The grand duke of Tuscany has imported a guillotine, and appointed a public executioner at a salary of \$15 per week. The grand duke ought to head the first operation.

—The people of Wisconsin have now got a railroad running from Milwaukee to Jonesville.

—Geo. Clency, a revolutionary soldier, died in Germantown, Ohio, on the 9th inst., in the 108th year of his age.

—A young man who, two or three years since was employed as a clerk in one of the first mercantile houses in Cincinnati, but of late has spent his time in drinking and gambling, was found dead last Saturday, in a mud hole of that city. Verdict of the jury came to his death by cause unknown to the jury.

**Important Decision.**  
The Supreme Court of the United States has given a decision at its present term, the effect of which is, (says the National Intelligencer) "to declare the illegality and nullity of all contracts entered into by citizens of the United States, for money or surplus to be employed in military operations by citizens of this country against the people or territory of any nation at the time in amity with the United States." The Intelligencer remarks:

"Every one who reads it will see at once the consequences of this judgment. Not to speak of its immediate effect upon existing contracts, bonds, and obligations which have been made, sold, and bought in the prosecution of enterprises of the character justly reprobated by this decision, it is easy to foresee how extensive will be its influence, in the future, not only upon the action of individuals, but upon the habit of thinking of no inconsiderable portion of our fellow-citizens, in regard to the duty of individuals to respect and obey the natural obligations of their country."

Under this decision, we presume that the bonds issued by Kossuth, for raising money to wage war with Austria; and all contracts to supply arms, would be declared null and void.—*Baltimore Clipper.*

(From the Louisville Courier.)

**A Contradiction.**  
TO THE EDITORS OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER:  
SIR: I saw in your paper of the 8th inst., an article from a correspondent, headed "A Disgraceful Row," in which it is stated that three brothers, Cousins, citizens of Boston, in this country, participated in shooting &c., and that J. T. Conn, and his brothers were severely beaten. I therefore denounce the author, as for myself and brothers a slanderer, as I have been living in this city for two months past, and know nothing of the Row.

J. T. COUN.

**Books! Books!!**  
THE following School, and Miscellaneous BOOKS, together with Stationery may be had at the Drug Store; and any works desired, not on hand, will be immediately re-ordered. Metcalf's 1st, 2nd, 3d, 4th, and 5th Readers, Primers and Sellers. Woodbury's 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th Readers. Webster's Dictionary, Speller, and Speller and Definer. Ray's, Davies', and Pike's Arithmetics and Ray's Algebra. Butler's, Smith's Kirkham's and Pinney's Grammars. Mitchell's Olney's and Smith's Geographies. Comstock's Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. Pinney's English Teacher; Familiar Science. Cassius; the great work of Baron Humboldt. History of England by Hume; Smallett & Miller, in 4 vols. Rollin's History of the Medes, Persians, Carthaginians, &c., in 2 vols. Bancroft's History of the United States in 4 vols. Hilditch's History of the United States, in 6 vols. Young American's Library in 10 vols., gilt and embossed. Scottish Chiefs, Cook's Voyages, Rinaldo Rinaldino. Romance of the Forest, Children of the Abbey. The practical works of Hewitt, Cook & Landr. Kirk White; Goldsmith; Shakespeare; Pope; Moore; Ossian; Mrs. Hemans; Milton & Young; Campbell; Byron; Wordsworth & Cooper; and Croly's British Tales, all beautifully gilt and embossed. Besides, a variety of elegant gilt books of various kinds and sizes. All for sale for cash at nearly Louisville prices. Lebanon, Sept. 22 1852-1853. L. L. NOBLE.

**Special Notices.**  
**Have You been to Hyman's?**  
IF NOT you ought to go only to see the elegant styles, great variety and cheapness of their CLOTHING. They are having a great rush but their Room is large enough to accommodate a small Mass Meeting. For fine, medium and low priced Clothing, superior in quality, at Louisville prices, call at J. Hyman & Co's, over the Drug Store of L. H. Noble, on Main Street, Lebanon, Ky.

"DIGEST?" Such is the true meaning of the word "Pepsin," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the True Digestive Fluid or Gastric Juice, prepared by Dr. J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, from the fourth of much of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders good eating perfectly consistent with health. See advertisement in another part of the paper.

**Lebanon Division, S. of T., No. 73**  
Meets every Thursday night at their hall in the Court House.

**Masonic Lodge,**  
Meets the 1st Monday night in every month at their hall in the Lebanon Hotel.

**Independent Order of Odd Fellows.**  
Meets every Monday night at their hall over L. EDELEN'S Hat Store.

**Christmas is Coming!!!!**  
We are in receipt during this week of a variety of

**CHILDREN'S TOYS AND TOY BOOKS.**  
Rockets, Squibs, and other Fire Works. Together with a fine assortment of FANCY PICTURES, AND CHEAP NOVELS. We expect to furnish old "ST. NICHOLAS" quite bountifully between this and the 25th, when he will make his annual visit to the bedrooms of "good children." Don't forget to call at our READING ROOM over Mr. Edmund's store. Dec. 8th, 1852.

**LEBANON BOOT & SHOE STORE.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED, would respectfully inform the citizens of Marion County that he has again taken hold of the business, and having secured the services of his son ALBERT, will attend to all orders, and be enabled to manufacture Shoes and Boots per order, upon the shortest notice. I have just received and will continue to keep on hand, a full assortment of Eastern Work in connection with my own manufacturing. Without going into further particulars, I will state, that Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes and Boots of every variety may be found at my store.

L. Rawlins will be taken at all times in exchange for articles in my line. Dec. 8th, 1852.

B. EDMONDS.

JAMES W. ROWLAND. SANDERS SHANKS.

**Rowland & Co.**  
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in Bacon, Lard, Flour, Hides, Tallow, &c.  
Southwest corner of Main and Second streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.  
We will pay the highest prices in cash for Bacon, Lard, Feathers, Flax Seed, and country produce generally. ROWLAND & CO. Nov. 10, 1852-1853.

**ULLS, STEEL PENS, INK, WAFERS, PENCILS, &c., &c.,** on hand and for sale at the Printing Office. May 5, 1853.

**Take Notice.**  
I HAVE a very large lot of household furniture mostly new, and in perfect order, which I will sell low, privately, between now and Saturday, 13th of November, at which time I will expose the residue for sale at public auction.

Nov. 12-1852. J. A. RAHL.

**New Fall and Winter GOODS.**  
WE have just received direct from NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA a complete stock of Fall and Winter GOODS, which we will sell low for cash or to punctual dealers on the usual credit—our customers and the public generally are requested to give us a call. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

ABELL, WIMSATT, & CO.  
All those indebted to the undersigned either by note or account are requested to call and settle, as we are determined to settle up our old business.

L. A. & W. I. ABELL.  
Sept. 6th, 1852-1853.

**Books! Books!!**  
THE following School, and Miscellaneous BOOKS, together with Stationery may be had at the Drug Store; and any works desired, not on hand, will be immediately re-ordered. Metcalf's 1st, 2nd, 3d, 4th, and 5th Readers, Primers and Sellers. Woodbury's 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th Readers. Webster's Dictionary, Speller, and Speller and Definer. Ray's, Davies', and Pike's Arithmetics and Ray's Algebra. Butler's, Smith's Kirkham's and Pinney's Grammars. Mitchell's Olney's and Smith's Geographies. Comstock's Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. Pinney's English Teacher; Familiar Science. Cassius; the great work of Baron Humboldt. History of England by Hume; Smallett & Miller, in 4 vols. Rollin's History of the Medes, Persians, Carthaginians, &c., in 2 vols. Bancroft's History of the United States in 4 vols. Hilditch's History of the United States, in 6 vols. Young American's Library in 10 vols., gilt and embossed. Scottish Chiefs, Cook's Voyages, Rinaldo Rinaldino. Romance of the Forest, Children of the Abbey. The practical works of Hewitt, Cook & Landr. Kirk White; Goldsmith; Shakespeare; Pope; Moore; Ossian; Mrs. Hemans; Milton & Young; Campbell; Byron; Wordsworth & Cooper; and Croly's British Tales, all beautifully gilt and embossed. Besides, a variety of elegant gilt books of various kinds and sizes. All for sale for cash at nearly Louisville prices. Lebanon, Sept. 22 1852-1853. L. L. NOBLE.

**Another Scientific Wonder.**  
**GREAT CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA!**  
**DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN,**  
THE TRUE DIGESTIVE FLUID, OR GASTRIC JUICE!  
Prepared from Rectum, or the Fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa. "DIGEST?" Such is the true meaning of the word "Pepsin," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the True Digestive Fluid or Gastric Juice, prepared by Dr. J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, from the fourth of much of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders good eating perfectly consistent with health. See advertisement in another part of the paper.

**LEBANON BOOT & SHOE STORE.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED, would respectfully inform the citizens of Marion County that he has again taken hold of the business, and having secured the services of his son ALBERT, will attend to all orders, and be enabled to manufacture Shoes and Boots per order, upon the shortest notice. I have just received and will continue to keep on hand, a full assortment of Eastern Work in connection with my own manufacturing. Without going into further particulars, I will state, that Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes and Boots of every variety may be found at my store.

L. Rawlins will be taken at all times in exchange for articles in my line. Dec. 8th, 1852.

B. EDMONDS.

JAMES W. ROWLAND. SANDERS SHANKS.

**Rowland & Co.**  
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in Bacon, Lard, Flour, Hides, Tallow, &c.  
Southwest corner of Main and Second streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.  
We will pay the highest prices in cash for Bacon, Lard, Feathers, Flax Seed, and country produce generally. ROWLAND & CO. Nov. 10, 1852-1853.

**ULLS, STEEL PENS, INK, WAFERS, PENCILS, &c., &c.,** on hand and for sale at the Printing Office. May 5, 1853.

**Take Notice.**  
I HAVE a very large lot of household furniture mostly new, and in perfect order, which I will sell low, privately, between now and Saturday, 13th of November, at which time I will expose the residue for sale at public auction.

Nov. 12-1852. J. A. RAHL.

**Northern New York Live Stock Ins. Co.**  
OF PLATTSBURG, NEW YORK.  
**Capital—\$50,000.**  
Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of New York, July, 1851.  
Horses, Cattle, and all kinds of Live Stock, Insured against Death, by the combined risks of Fire, Water, Diseases, &c.  
Stock transported by Water, Rail, ad, or driven on foot to market, insured at fair rates.  
The subscriber having been appointed Agent of the above reliable and perfectly solvent Company, is prepared to issue Policies at as low rates of premium as any responsible Company in the United States.  
He respectfully invites the attention of Livery Stable Keepers, Cabmen, Farmers, and all others interested.

R. S. PETERS, Agent.  
Lebanon, Ky., Aug. 25, 1852.

**Gen. Scott again in the Field.**  
H. JOHNSTON.  
HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and splendid assortment of Cooking and common Heating STOVES of the latest and most improved patterns, and would call the particular attention of the public to his large heavy premium cooking stoves, made especially for the country. All kinds of stoves on hand, together with my usual variety of notions, and every kind of article that is needed in the cooking line.

Oct. 20th 1852.

**Notice.**  
ALL those indebted to me for goods sold on credit and settling their accounts by cash, as I am very much in need of money at this time.

J. R. KNOTT.  
Aug. 8, 1852.—1853.

**New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.**  
MAAS & ROHRCHILD  
Springfield, Ky.  
HATING added to their already large stock, a full supply of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS of all the varieties and patterns suitable for this market. Being determined to sell goods as low as any establishment in the West, we would invite those who wish to lay in their winter clothing to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. We do not charge anything for showing goods.

September 1st, 1852-1853.

**Cigars! Cigars!!**  
THE very best article of Regalia, Lanorma and Principe Cigars can now be procured at my Reading Room. All those who are fond of good Cigars can now get them without any trouble. Come gentlemen, and smoke and read to your hearts content.

W. W. JACK.  
August 25, 1852.

**LOST.**  
ON Water Street, on Tuesday the 17th, 1852, a GOLD SHIRT STUD. Said stud was found by a South American \$1.25 piece in one side, and a circular piece of wrought gold on the other. The wrong stud had engraved upon it the letters T. J. I have also an assortment of Stationery &c., on hand which will not lose by comparison with any house in the West.

July 25-1852.

**FINE LOT OF VISITING AND BUSINESS CARDS,** on hand and for sale at the Printing Office. May 5, 1853.

**DOESCAP PAPER,** of the very best quality, on hand and for sale, at the Printing Office. May 5, 1853.

**ENVELOPES** of every quality and price, on hand and for sale, at the Printing Office. May 5, 1853.

**PROSPECTUS OF THE LEBANON POST.**  
Enough has been said and wrote upon the merits of a newspaper in a County; I will not, therefore, enlarge upon this point. Feeling convinced that the people of Marion wish an establishment of the kind in their county, I have consented, after many solicitations, to make a trial; let us see what will be the result. I had partially made my arrangements to move upon the Ohio river, but if the people of Marion will show, by subscribing liberally for the "POST" that they want a paper, we will succumb to their wishes, and settle amongst them.

**THE POST.** will be strictly NEUTRAL in Politics and Religion, in all things else perfectly INDEPENDENT, expressing freely the views of the Editor and his Correspondents, on the pressing events of the day, local matters, &c. I am decidedly in favor of Railroad communication in Kentucky, and firmly convinced that to that way alone can be secured State keeping, and the advancement of the age and civilization of the State. I am particularly in favor of a communication of this kind across the State, and thus giving us a direct intercourse with the great southern mart; being convinced that such an intercourse would redound to the benefit of all classes, and that the proposed route through Marion County is the best location in the State, and believe firmly that it can and will be run. We will advocate, conditionally, to the best of our ability, this truly beneficial enterprise and solicit the pens of others.

**THE POST,** will be dedicated to News, Agriculture, Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, &c., &c. Nothing shall appear in its columns of a hurtful or demoralizing tendency to the mind; in a word, it shall be a FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

**THE POST,** will be issued weekly, on every Wednesday, on an imperial sheet at \$2 per year in advance, \$2.50 if paid in six months, or \$3 if the payment is delayed until the end of the year. Wishing to commence on the last of April or the first of May, I would be gratified to receive all my prospective subscribers, provided with names before that time.

W. W. JACK.  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

**THE VERY FINEST** article of LETTER PAPER that the country can afford may be found, low for cash, at the Printing Office.

May 5, 1853.

**New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.**  
L. A. SPALDING & CO.  
WOULD respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they have now in store a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all of the varieties and patterns suitable for this market, which they are determined to sell as low as any establishment in the West. Our friends and the public generally are requested to call and examine our stock.

Sept. 29th, 1852.

**New Fall and Winter DRY GOODS.**  
THE undersigned has just received from the East a very handsome assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's goods, selected by one of the tastiest buyers, west of the Alleghenies, consisting in part of the following articles:—Ladies' dresses; figured and plain delaines; fancy colored merinos; silks and black and fancy cloths; 6-1 La Bayadere cassimeres; black Duckings; embroidered Vestings; plain do.; overcoatings; Cloak linings; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kids and Buckskins; all of the goods can be bought very low for cash or on a short credit.

Persons owing account for the past year will confer a favor not to be forgotten soon by coming in and settling by cash. MONEY LAM BOUND TO HAVE.

Oct. 6th, 1852-1853.

State of Kentucky, ) Set. Sept. Term  
Marion Circuit. ) 1852.  
GREEN PHILLIPS, Adm. Plt.  
against  
GREEN PHILLIPS' Creditors, &c., Def't.

**Webb & Levering,**  
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.  
And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Catholic, Miscellaneous, and School Books, No. 49 Third St., one door from Main.

HAVE now on hand and keep constantly a large and general assortment of every description of Catholic Prayer Books, Meditations, Bibles, &c., together with a complete stock of Blank Books full bound and half bound, Cap and Demy, corners and bonds—which they will warrant of superior manufacture and paper.

W. & L. would also invite the attention of country merchants, teachers, parents and guardians, to their stock of School Books, comprising every variety used in the Colleges and Schools of the United States. We have also an assortment of Stationery &c., on hand which will not lose by comparison with any house in the West.

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W. W. JACK.  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

**THE VERY FINEST** article of LETTER PAPER that the country can afford may be found, low for cash, at the Printing Office.

May 5, 1853.

**INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.**

**Insurance Company**  
OF  
**Hartford, Conn.**  
This old and responsible Company continues to grant Policies upon the most favorable terms.  
Apply to—  
E. P. MAHON, Agent for Lebanon and Marion County, Ky.  
September 8th, 1852.

**PROSPECTUS OF ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.**  
NEAR LEBANON, MARION CO., KY.

This Literary Institution, founded in 1851, by the late REV. WILLIAM BYRNE, and subsequently conducted for many years by the Jesuits, is now under the superintendence of the Right Rev. Bishop of Louisville, who will always take means to provide a suitable Faculty for carrying it on with a view to promote the greatest public good. Under the auspices of its previous conductors, the Institution has been instrumental in widely diffusing the blessings of a religious education throughout Kentucky and the adjoining States. The steadiness of its patronage has been a constant evidence of the public approval. The beauty and salubrity of the situation, as well as the spaciousness and commodiousness of the College Buildings, are generally known. It will be the constant aim of the Faculty to adopt, so far as practicable, the plan which it was so well and so usefully conducted by its enlightened and benevolent Founder.

**TERMS PER SESSION.**  
(INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.)  
Board, including Washing, Mending, &c., \$12.00  
Books after washing, Fuel and Lights, &c., \$5.00  
Tuition in Orthography, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Geography, &c., \$3.00  
Board, &c., (as above), with Tuition in Latin, \$15.00  
Board, &c., (as above), with Tuition in the Classics, Higher Mathematics and Philosophy, &c., \$18.00  
Tuition in French, (Extras), \$5.00  
Bed and Bedding, when furnished, \$3.00  
Stationery, (Pens, Ink and Paper), when furnished, \$2.00  
Books, Medicines and other necessary articles not furnished by the Agent of the College, at current retail prices.  
If those who remain at the College during the vacations, there will be an additional charge for Board of \$10.00

**SPRING AND SUMMER STYLE OF HATS AND CAPS.**  
MY facilities for the purchase of materials, and the manufacturing for order, of SUPERIOR HATS, are not excelled in the Western Country.

I have on hand, and am constantly manufacturing to order

**Black and White Beaver,**  
Nutria, Brush, Russia and Otter Hats, &c. Also the Spring style of Hats from the most celebrated houses in the city of New York. Together with a large assortment of

Brown California, Black and white Beavers Vests and Wool Hats.  
Mens' and Youths' Panama Hats.  
" " Double and single brim  
" " Leghorn.  
" " Palm Straw Hats.  
" " Palm Leaf do  
Infants' fancy Summer  
Ladies' Riding Hats, of the latest New York and Parisian Styles.  
Kosuth Hats, &c., &c.

The above goods will be found equal in quality, and fully as LOW in PRICE as the same article can be bought for in Louisville or any other city market.

The Patrons of the house, and the public at large, are particularly invited to call and examine the assortment.

Hats of any particular shape made to order at short notice.

**LEONARD EDELEN.**  
Lebanon, May 5.

**LEBANON HOTEL.**  
J. H. KIRK, PROPRIETOR.

**REMOVAL.**  
THE undersigned have removed into their large and commodious Store House, where they are receiving and opening a large and well selected stock of Staple and Fancy Fall and Winter,

**Dry Goods,**  
selected with great care by one of the Firm, at New York and Philadelphia. Having purchased at low prices, they are determined to sell low, and would be pleased to see all of their old friends and acquaintances. Our terms will be low for cash, or to punctual customers on twelve months time.

J. W. Chandler, having associated himself with P. S. Peters, the business of the Firm will be conducted under the name of

**J. W. CHANDLER & CO.**  
All those indebted to J. W. Chandler, on account of note, are particularly requested to come forward and make payment as I am determined to wind up the business of the old concern.

J. W. CHANDLER.  
Lebanon, Ky., Sept. 29, 1852-1853.

**Sugar.**  
THE HIGHEST PRICES OF SUGAR now received at the

JOHN W. CHANDLER.



## Select Poetry.

### Good Night.

BY KARL THEODORE KORNEL.—TRANSLATED  
BY O. F. RICHARDSON.

#### Good night!

Do thy cares forgotten quite!  
Day approaches to its close;  
Weary nature seeks repose,  
Till the morning dawn in light,  
Good night!

#### Go to rest!

Close thine eyes in slumbers blest!  
New 'tis still and tranquil all;  
Hear we but the watchman's call,  
And the night is still and blest.  
Go to rest!

#### Slumber sweet!

Heavenly forms thy fancy greet!  
Be thy visions from above,  
Dreams of rapture—dreams of love!  
As the fair one's form you meet,  
Slumber sweet!

#### Good night!

Slumber till the morning light!  
Slumber till the dawn of day  
Bring its sorrows with its ray!  
Sleep without a fear or fright!  
Our Father wakes! Good night!  
Good night!

## Miscellaneous.

A man may be considered Grape Shot, when he falls senseless with the contents of a wine-bottle in his stomach.

It is not the height to which men are advanced makes them giddy; it is the looking down with contempt upon those below them.

A farmer was asked why he did not take a newspaper. "Because," said he, "my father when he died, left me a good many newspapers and I have not read them through yet."

Horace Mann, in his lecture on "Woman," says: "I see but one reason why woman should not preach the Gospel, and that reason is, that it is ten thousand times better to go about practicing the Gospel, than even to preach it."

Some of the Canadian papers are taking ground against the influx of negroes into the Province, viewing it as a present injury to their property, a drawback to their social progress, and a source of much future trouble.

A manufacturer in Wurtemberg has invented a mode of applying a surface coating to sheet-iron, which enables it to take freely the mark of a slate-pencil. It is said to be much lighter, and much less reliable to injury, than a common slate.

Lady Margaret Herbert asked somebody for a pretty pattern for a nightcap. "Well," said the person, "what signifies the pattern of a nightcap?" "Oh, child," she said, "but you know in case of fire."

Fenelon observed to a priest who was complaining to him of the dances of the peasantry—"My friend, neither you nor myself need to dance—we can be happy in our own way; but if dancing makes these poor people happy who have so few sources of enjoyment, why should they not dance?"

There is now exhibited in Leeds, a young lady, aged eighteen, whose beard measures between four and five inches in length. As an inducement to persons to attend the exhibition, it is announced that "visitors will be permitted to touch the beard."

On splitting off a piece of old marble at the Washington Navy Yard a few days since by Commodore Rogers, there was discovered four inches below the surface, several holes about the diameter of a small pistol, bullet, in each of which there was a muscle alive and kicking.

#### WARM RECEPTION.

Rusticus wrote a letter to his love, And filled it full of warm and keen desire;

He hoped to raise a flame—and so he did; The lady put his nonsense in the fire.

Mrs. Partington, in illustration of the proverb "that a soft word turneth away wrath," says

"That is better to speak paragonical of a person than to be all time flinging epithets at him, for no good comes to nobody that never speaks no good of no one."

A young lady (a sensible girl) gives the following catalogue of different kinds of love:

"The sweetest—a mother's love; the longest—a brother's love; the strongest—a woman's love; the dearest—a man's love; and the sweetest, longest, strongest, and dearest love—a love of a bonnet."

A New Species.—"Is that animal a biped, or a quadruped?" asked one of the visitors to a circus, one day, of a bye-stander.

"I think, sir," said an evident student of Natural History, with bulging eyes and green spectacles, "that the gentleman who shows the animals called it a kangaroo-ped."

Rassini is said to have recently purchased a house in Trieste, and is quite a lion in that city. He is a great amateur of fishing, and may be seen every day, as he puts out to sea in his elegant and comfortably-arranged gondola, to entrap with net and hook the brisk inhabitants of the deep; but it is far more comical to see the corpulent old maestro, girt with a white apron, sitting as a salesman in the market, where he himself turns his booty into money; for he is no less a mercantile than a musical genius.

He who has most of heart knows most of love.

**NEWSPAPER BOYS.**—The New Hampshire Patriot, the leading Democrat paper in Concord, says the printing office of that paper has been the graduating school of a Governor, a Senator in Congress, several Representatives to Congress, many editors, some ministers and other young men, who have filled at various times numerous responsible stations in the community.

**A SECOND GRACE DARLING.**—The steamer Neptune from London for Petersburg, made the coast of Norway, near Warne's Lighthouse, with pilot flag at the mast-head. It was just daybreak and the vessel was first observed by a young girl, who immediately called upon two of the men, who, however, were not much inclined to venture out; but, on the girl reproaching them with fear of the weather they got the boat out to board the vessel. This was no easy matter: but on a rope being thrown from the steamer, the girl caught it, twisted it round her waist and arms, jumped into the sea and was hauled on board; the two men after wards in like manner. The captain and passengers were only too happy to get this help into port, as the cargo had shifted &c. There were eight ladies on board, who were liberally remunerated the girl, who was put ashore again on the outward passage, with a rich store; this was most fortunate, as her master would not allow her to return to his service.—*Norwegian Morgenblad.*

All a Spaniard wants in this world is sun-shine and garlic.

All an Irishman wants in this world is parties and whisky.

All that a Dutchman wants in this world is sour kruit and schapps.

All the girls of Lowell want is good wages and a 'love of a bonnet.'

All a printer wants is fat copy and good pay.

**"Fast" Youth.**—The Oswego Journal thus expatiates on the "progressive" ways of our rising generation:

"Boys are nearly an extinct race. There is scarcely an intermediate stage between infancy and adolescence. The rowdy infant is no sooner out of his long clothes than he exhibits the incipient traits of the dandy 'loafer,' and by the time he is fairly jacketed he wants a tobacco-pouch, a pack of cards, and learns to swear like a pirate. At the age of ten he begins to run with the 'mashene' and his mother generally knows he is out, because he is very seldom in. At the age of twelve he smokes, drinks, and speaks of his parents as 'the old man and old woman.' At fifteen he wants a gold watch and revolver, and talks about 'lamming' everybody that don't 'keep out of his way.' At eighteen he is the 'fastest' youth about town, talks of setting up for himself, scribbles love letters, and becomes a perfect adept in games of chance; can drink more champagne and eat more raw oysters than any man of his inches. About this time his father withholds his spending money, and the young hopeful thinks it a capital idea to run away where he can enjoy his 'liberty,' and after sowing his wild oats abroad, returns home, satisfied that the 'old folks' are not such great fools after all."

"We were highly amused, not long since, at hearing a young hopeful, some twelve years of age, whom some person called a 'boy' exclaim: 'Call me a boy! where is your men?' We also overheard two juveniles, not yet out of their aprons, offering to bet the cigars that Scott would be elected, because he was 'a bigger man than General Pierce.' Another little lad, who was sweating away at the stove trying to light an old stump of a cigar, on being advised to leave off that filthy habit, replied with the utmost gravity that 'it was very hard work to break off smoking as he had smoked ever since he was a small boy.' Almost daily we may see little footsters with lighted projections in their mouths, swaggering along, puffing and spitting after the most approved rowdy style. A glance at the marvelous developments and precocious intellects exhibited by the young misses of this effeminate generation must be deferred until another day."

CAMPFOL has been discovered to be an antidote to that terrible poison *strychnine*. A man who had been thrown into convulsions by two doses of the poison—one sixth of a grain each, administered for the rheumatism—was relieved by twenty grains of camphor, taken in six grains of almond mixture. Dr. Sudduck, in a letter to the London Lancet, claims to have made the discovery.

## GROCERIES, Low for Cash.

THE undersigned having opened a NEW FAMILY GROCERY, in the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Elder, and now by the Post Office, takes this method of soliciting public patronage.

He will keep on hand a full supply of Groceries, together with confectionaries of all kinds. Those who wish to purchase would do well to give me a call.

Dec. 15, 1852-4. J. A. HALL.

## CARRIAGES!!

P. LAWREY

TAKES this method of informing the citizens of Marion county, that he will visit Lebanon at least once in every month and sometimes oftener. He will always be prepared to furnish CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS, &c., of the very latest and most fashionable patterns at Louisville prices.

I am always ready to exchange new carriages for second hand upon, terms.

My manufacture is at Louisville on the corner of Main and Preston where I will always be glad to receive orders or visits from the citizens of this neighborhood.

REFERENCE.—J. H. Kirk, J. P. Reed, S. Purdy, Geo. Phillips and T. Jarboe.

Oct. 27th-6mo.

## Encourage Home Interests.

We would remind our readers who are on the look out for the best handsomest, largest, and cheapest paper ever published, that they can find it in the COLUMBIAN & GREAT WEST—a mammoth weekly and Literary paper, neutral in politics and religion, published at Cincinnati. It is devoted particularly to Western Interests and by means of telegraphic dispatches, is able to give its readers all important news several days in advance of the Eastern papers. It gives full reports of all the leading markets, of the country, and a great quantity of everything that makes up a first-class family Journal. It offers the following extraordinary premiums to every new subscriber whether in clubs or single.—Ten of the monthly parts, (all yet unpublished,) of Dickens' great novel, "Bleak House," which will be completed in the paper; the "Western Recruits," a tale of Border Times, by Mrs. Dumont; and a copy of Miriam, or the Mystic Tie, a domestic novel by Walter Whitmore. These premiums at the Booksellers lowest prices, would cost more than the subscription price of the paper. On New Year's day it will commence an original novel by Eliza A. Dupuy, called the "CONCEALED TREASURE," a tale of the Spiritual Rappings; to be followed by the PACHYDERM, or the Lost Sex, by a distinguished author.

The "Columbian & Great West" has just assumed an entirely new and beautiful dress of clear types, pleasant for the eye to rest upon, and is unsurpassed, in reading matter, as to variety, &c.

TERMS.—One copy 1 year, \$2 00. One copy 6 months \$1 00. Four copies 1 year and one to Agent 6 months, \$5 00. Eight copies one year and one to Agent 12 months, \$10 00. Thirteen Copies 1 year and one to Agent 12 months, \$20 00. Address W. B. SHATTUCK, Editor and Proprietor. Or, E. PENROSE JONES, Publisher Cincinnati, Ohio.

Specimen copies will be sent on application.

## PHILADELPHIA PERFUMERY.

I HAVE just received from Philadelphia, the most extensive and elegant assortment of Perfumery, Flavoring Extracts, Soaps and Powders for the Toilet, the Skin, the hair, and the Hands, the Handkerchief, the Beard and the Teeth; and for Jellies, Creams, Cakes, Pastry, &c., ever presented to this community; all of which, having been purchased of the manufacturer in large quantities and for cash; I will sell at reduced prices. It is presumed that the great value of the above articles for enhancing the Beauty and promoting the Health and Happiness, is so well known by all, that every Family and every Adult thereof, will avail themselves of the present opportunity for obtaining some one or more of the following list, to wit:

### For the Toilet.

Toilet Water, Double Cologne, Single do.,

### For the Skin.

Lemon Rouge, Magnolia Tablet, Magnolia Balls, Lip Balm, Anandine, Toilet Powder,

### For the Hair.

Amber Lustral, Philocome, Bear Pomatum, Bear's oil, Rose Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Hair Restorer, Bandoline,

### For the Hands.

Rose Soap, Patchouly do., Chrysal Balls, Brown Windsor Soap, Ambrosial do., Mammoth do.,

### For the Beard.

Rose Shaving Soap, Ambrosial do., Military do.,

### For the Teeth.

Dental Soap, Ebony Tooth Paste, Tooth Cordial,

### For the Handkerchief.

Rose, Citronella Rose, Cologne, Germanum, Verbena, Honey Suckle, Sweet Briar, Sweet Pea, Sweet Clover, Patchouly, Mouseline, Hawthorn, Jessamine, Lilac, New Mown Hay, Orange Flowers, Pink, Spring Flowers, Upper Teal,

### For Jellies, Creams, &c.

Almond, Cinnamon, Lemon, Peach, Vanilla.

Dec. 24, 1852. L. H. NOLLE.

## Last Call.

ALL those indebted to the undersigned, will please call immediately, and settle the same by cash or note, as I must positively settle up my business.

J. A. HALL.

## COLUMBIAN AND GREAT WEST

PROGRAMME FOR 1851.

The continuation of our excellent series of Western Romances and Tales.

Mr. Bennett's Forrest Rose will be followed by a domestic story of Western life, founded on facts, entitled

ELLA WINSTON;

Or, the Adventures of an Orphan Girl.

By WALTER WHITMORE, Esq., Author of "Ainslie," the "Maid of the Inn," "Love and Retribution," and other popular tales.

Mr. Whitmore is an accomplished scholar, as well as a polished and energetic writer, and his "Ella Winston" is pronounced, by good judges, to be equal if not superior to the best Western Novel ever written.

Ella Winston will be succeeded by GERALD LINCOLN; by Miss A. S. St. Clair, author of "Senora Inez," &c.

It is enough for us to say that this production is worthy of Miss St. Clair's reputation. To be finished in four numbers.

We take pleasure in informing our readers that, at a very large expense, we have succeeded in effecting an engagement with MRS. E. D. N. SOUTHWORTH.

We are further much gratified in being able to announce that we are promised another historical novel by

EMERSON BENNETT, ESQ., the incidents to be connected with the Revolutionary war. This will be ready the ensuing spring.

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## 1853!!!

ELEVENTH YEAR

OF THE

LOUISVILLE

WEEKLY COURIER:

Acknowledged by general consent to be the Largest, Best and Cheapest Newspaper in the West.

In issuing the Eleventh Prospectus of the LOUISVILLE WEEKLY COURIER, we have great pleasure in announcing that Mr. Wm. D. Gallagher, Esq., has purchased an interest in the establishment, and he will hereafter be associated with us in its management. Mr. Gallagher is widely known as an able political and literary writer and a gentleman of cultivated taste, and being thoroughly Western in his education, habits and associations, and conversant with our Railroad and Manufacturing interests, we flatter ourselves that he will add largely to the value and interest of the Courier, and render it still more acceptable to its thousands of readers in every section of the great Mississippi Valley.

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Springfield Ky., Oct. 4, y

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No pains or expense will be spared in order to render the guests of the house comfortable and at ease, and therefore a share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Sept. 20, 1851, 3m.

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5. For Board in the College during the vacation, per week, 2.00

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N. B. The Collegiate exercises were resumed on the 2d of September.

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